

SGLT2 Inhibitors

What are SGLT2 inhibitors?

Sodium-glucose co-transporter-2 (SGLT2) inhibitors are a class of medications used to treat Type 2 diabetes mellitus.

Examples of SGLT2 inhibitors that are currently available in Singapore are:

- Empagliflozin (Jardiance®)
- Dapagliflozin (Forxiga®)
- Canagliflozin (Invokana®)

How do SGLT2 inhibitors work?

SGLT2 inhibitors work by preventing the kidneys from reabsorbing sugar (glucose) back into the blood. As a result, more sugar is removed from the body in the urine (glycosuria), which also leads to an increase in the amount of urine produced.

What are the benefits of using SGLT2 inhibitors?

The benefits of using SGLT2 inhibitors include:

- Reduced blood sugar levels
- Lowered blood pressure and body weight
- Reduced risk of kidney failure
- Reduced risk of heart failure

Tips to follow when you are on SGLT2 inhibitors

- Keep yourself well-hydrated
 - Consult your doctor on your recommended daily fluid intake if you have heart or kidney problems
- Practice good genital hygiene
- Avoid excessive alcohol intake

When to temporarily stop SGLT2 inhibitors?

- At least 72 hours before undergoing surgical procedures. For example, if your surgery is planned for the following Monday, the last dose of SGLT2 inhibitor should be on Friday morning
- If you are feeling unwell with high fever, diarrhoea, vomiting, poor appetite or reduced fluid intake
- If you are pregnant

When do you need to take extra precautions?

Ask your doctor if you need to stop the medication or take extra precautions if you are planning to:

- Follow a weight loss diet plan with very low carbohydrate intake, such as a ketogenic diet
- Engage in endurance physical activities like running a marathon
- Become pregnant
- Fast during Ramadan

Seek immediate medical attention if:

You experience any of these symptoms:

1. Urinary tract / genital infection (common)

- Burning sensation when urinating
- Blood in urine
- Itching or discharge from genitals

2. Fournier's gangrene (very rare, but serious)

- Pain, redness, or swelling in the genital area or from the genitals to the rectum
- Fever above 38°C or a general feeling of being unwell

3. Euglycemic diabetic ketoacidosis (very rare, but serious)

- Shortness of breath
- Abdominal pain
- Persistent nausea and vomiting
- Fruity-smelling breath

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